Their Pock of Propose

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Purple a Doily on 22/7/58: "Sear above as increased?"; which age to indicate the following purpurpus.

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been found by verious localities. For instance, mendures for the better distribution of the over resorted by the industrial depertments and cities have the proved rather effective. These measures include the recreative time of specialised work brighdes into general work brighten to increase the classicance rate, mutual sessionned between different esterprises to selve the problem of manyower, retremenhant of passengel is a partial and Government agencies and their reassignment to including dispersions, improvement of the system of reserve works, recruitment of the unemployed in cities to take part in as a lettion, and the adoption of the half-work half-study system in secondary schools. However, the most affective actics is a paramise large-scale collective active actics in the workers dependents and city residents from the contains a large scale collective active port in socialistic intention. (Peking radio 21/7/58).

Follow still, in a special resides on the role of women as labour power for production in the former than of women from household work and the organisation of the containing women from household work and the organisation of the containing solvices as an essential,

power for production in the "for cert larg", NCNA on July 5 quoted the reking boily description of the commission of women from household work, and the organisation of more public services as an essential, indispensable part of socialist transformation and construction. It said that socialist ownership of reluction demanded organisation of the way of life. The establishment of more public centeens, launchtes, nurseries and other facilities would not only make a great saving in lebour power but also chief facilities would not only make a great recommendations involve the women in ducles at beby-care centres, laundries, centeens, teilorin workston, introd-building, tree-planting, ditch digging and other forms of public service.

Puffermance of such duties is said to slow agood Communist attitude and to be "a great beginning in the reactormation towards communism of the traditional way of life of the old society."

On July 6 NOW, described eight accordants be taken to excreme the appoint shortage in Shensi which his been promulgated by the shonsi C.P. Consistee. These eight accounts i clude training each worker in more than one field of work; organistic consolidated labour terms covering several trades; the improvement of tools and equipment; diverget ming of labour discipline; mutual assistance in manpower between anterprises, employment of none workers in pirt-time faministrative work, and the amployment of unemployed youths as apprentices.

Calinistrative work, and the amployment of unemployed youths as ephrentices.

The beginning of communal life in dentain was reported by Paking Madio out July . It said that housewives in Tientsin are taking the lead in a movement to free women from household work to emable them to take part in cooperative farm production. They are now busy estains up a network of mutual rid-mars miss, tellors shope and flour mills. Throughout the Tientsin damn stretive District 91s of the bales are being cored for in 7,000 markines and areaches set up by musewives. Forether 2,600 telloring groups and 4,200 flour milling implies have been organised. Indied a retult 500,000 more of the reflours women are now available for full time or part-time production mark. Treed from household drudging arrowing number of formerly difference housewives are now learning to read and write and are studying technical and scientific knowledged. The same report went on to describe the freeing of women from household chores for arctaction work and public serve as part of the new socialist atmosphere in China's current big leap forward.

On July 13 for the course-of a course of a course to talk on the problem of Author spite high population density was a set to China's economy letting week a sported - The our socialist because, people are our most benefit week week and the scuree of restest productivity"... China course of management week of management. is portent assisted the scuree of procest productivity"...Ching a single property of the consultation of the scale of the consultation of the control of the

To special ricle in Det light of Yi-bo, Chairman of the State country Commission, pointed out that he material wealth of society produced by working people and these in Chine while "everyone knows that the materials and raw instantials." constitution of reverted and the control of the property of th do we rely for the mining of the rew acts inls? Lainly on the pecsents.

The respective control of the rew acts in the cuestion too. From this to can see that if we want our industry to soar, we must not only chend on the working cless, but on the 500 million pessants as well". simultaneously we can mobilise the power of 500 million peasants, and a develop industries run by both orntrol and local authorities and teneously we can mobilise the power of the people in all provinces described industries of the country. In we dovelop large, medium and all sized industries simultaneously, and use both native and foreign yd, to cen hoth mobilise the power of whose who have a higher of and of culture and technique and those who cre not so outstanding is alture and technique. Hence, these verious simultaneous developments are a great e ancipation revenent - a movement which coilises all the positive elements to build our industries. It is a great revolution in the method of industries construction.

The results of the implementation of the eight measures reported on the first share, referred to above, were given by Paking radio on the building of socialism had been evolved in Shansi which had

the building of socialism had been evolved in Shensi which had

while as follows, they can:

Light consolidate collective ornarship his develor collective conscious-

consolidate collective organiship nd devolor collective conscious
1) build industry and agriculture so a to carry out the simultaneous

2) speed up the machanisation of agriculture;

2) speed up the machanisation of agriculture;

* cllivate large-scale capital conscruction;

- (v) facilitate the development of a many-sided economy because they have a greater population and rich resources;
 - (vi) permit the overall distribution of the labour force and training of large numbers of emperts devoted to socialist construction because they have a strong concentrated core of capable members;
 - vii) train large numbers of Government cadres and technical personnel

 - (viii) energetically develop cultural work, communications and transport

 (ix) resist natural calamities better and more rapidly raise production
 levels and the standard of living;

 (x) strengthen the leadership of the Communist Perty in the communes. (MONA 18/8)

Retablishment end Merging:

The COP Committee of the sinying Special District in Honon held field conference between 29/7 and 5/8 at which the following recommendations concerning the establishing and consolidating of people's communes were medel

- Size: should be "determined by the mountainous and plain areas, the Irrigation system and the trend of economic development of the locality concerned. It should be decided through consultation with the masses in the interests of production. For this reason it can be big or small. Generally speaking, each people's commune should embrace a whole hainng (odministrative eres comprising a number of villages), with its member households renging from 5,000 to 10,000".
- 2. Public Funds and Grain Reserver all funds and reserves now held by various cooperatives should be handed over to the commune and NOT be concessed or shered privately by the cooperative members.
- 3. Liebilities of the commune should be handled as follows: Loens raised by agricultural cooperatives for production in previous years should be repeid by those cooperatives concerned. Losus raised this year by agricultural cooperatives whose autumn hervest will be distributed by the people's commune will be repaid by the commune. loans raised by the cooperative for capital and public construction with he raysid by the commune be repeid by the commune.
- 4. Private plots: formerly reserved by individual cooperative member: will be taken over by the operational units for the commune for cultivating grain or vegetables for the joint consumption of the communements. This applies also to orchards and forests.
- 5. Household subsidiery production i members of the compute are "generally permitted to engage in subsidiery production. If they want to hand over their equipment to the commune for collective production, the commune should accept the equipment and pay a suitable price to its owner. In the future, commune mombers will be permitted to continue their household subsidiery production operations on a small.

1. Administrative organs: "The organisational structure of the hain government and the people's commune concorned are identical. There will be one organisational structure and one tabulation of paraonnel. The head of the hainng will be concurrently the head of the people's commune, the secretary of the hainng C.P committee will be concurrently the secretary of the people's commune; the hainng people's congress will constitute the congress of the people's commune, and the hainng people's council will constitute the people's commune administrative committee.

There will be agriculture, water conservancy, forestry, animal husbandry, industry, communications, internal offeirs, labour, armed security, finance, food, commerce, culture, and public health departments under the leadership of the administrative committee of each people's commune. This committee will also have a planning committee and a number of scientific research institutes. Under the leadership of the administrative committee, the various departments will handle their own fields of work and establish large, small, and specialised operational units according to production demands.

- 2. Limitation of authority:

 (a) Agriculture: "In the field of agriculture, the commune should divide its farmland into a number of cultivation grees and establish a corresponding number of cultivation teams according to the requirements of production, weter supplies, and the quality of soil, for the full development of the potential of its land. In addition, it should also suitably distribute its manpower, draught animals and farm tools according to production requirements. The various large and small operational units will be responsible for the menagement of their own cultivation."
- (b) Industry: "In the field of industry, a division of administrative suthority should be carried out according to the principles of centralised leadership, unified planning, divided control at different levels, close co-ordination between industrial and agricultural production, full utilisation of favourable topographical conditions, and the easy supply of raw materials from local sources. All industrial enterprises which require big investments, large numbers of workers and more idvanced technical standards, and which yield very substantial profits, should be controlled by the people's commune; all enterprises which require amillar investments, which cannot be properly placed under centralised control, and which can be operated by a large operational unit, should be controlled by the latter; and all enterprises which can be operated by small operational units and which are very beneficial to agricultural production should be handled by the small operational units concerned."
- (c) Forestry: "All mejor forests and organizes, owned jointly by soverel large operational units, should be controlled by specialised units organized by the paople's commune. Common forests in general should be controlled by specialised teams set up by large operational units. (Small forests and trace currounding farmisphia has be controlled by persons specially assigned by small being limits."

 (d) Animal husbands: "Large springs husbands."
- (d) Animal husbandry "Large animal husbandry and do controlled by the people's commune and small and collegedry forms by large operational units, recording to the mile of co-ordinating agricultural, forestry and animal husbandry product of shoperly."
- (c) Fisheries: "ish ponds should be controlled by the people's commune, by large operations, and by small operations in its, according to the sizes of the ponds concerned."
- (f) Subsidiary production: "Small operational units should be encouraged to raise hous, rabbits, chickens, droks, base, and other items." To develop the anthusipam of those units in small diary.

production, the method of dividing profits between the commune, the large operational units, and the small operational units concerned and the method of conferring owards on meditorious units should be ".betgobs

- (g) Culture and public health: All regular educational institutions should be controlled by the people's commune, and all spare-time schools may be controlled by the large or small operational units concerned. All cinems projection teems, theatres, scientific reserve institutes, and major exhibition hells and libraries should be controlled by the people's commune."

 3. Administrative sutherity: "The people's communa should."
- 3. Administrative authority:
- (e) set ennuel and quarterly production tergets;

THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON

- (b) essign ennuel end quarterly construct tasks;
- (c) should not set targets in too great detail;
- (d) targets should be flexible and leave room for change or condition

(d) targets should be flexible and leave room for charge or songly on targets are fulfilled.

"For example, in agricultural production the pagets and charge stipulate only the total production as wall so the administration targets of such principal crops as wheel made patton and oil-bearing crops. The large and small productive operations; units should be given the authority to choose the plots of land for the cultivation of their crops and to raise non-explaint their own discretion so as to develop fully the productive potential of the land and to meet more properly the needs of the messes in live book."

- 4. Financial control: The people's commune should
- (a) formulate unified investment plans;
- (b) use and control the various types of funds by the games, necoded; of contract, allocation of funds according to plan and of southing materials in lieu of money, according to actual circumstance.

 "For example, the people's government."

"For example, the prople's commune may scopt the contract system ith regard to edministrative expenditure and the other sors or less regular expenditures for the repair of minor farm medicines. for raising animals, and for the progression of chamical fractiles, and adopt the method of planted supply in relation to trial or monifold investments, such as investments in the manufacture of luser tights and in industrial or agricultural capital construction.

5. Labour control. The sometime should formulate and reflective control plan, suitably organize the no-ordinated co-superation interest the various large production operational units factories, and mines. Control is subject within the various operational units, factories, and mines should as happing by the unit suthorities without the intervention of the control of the control of the initiative and the outlies of mode conducted.

The people's commune should formulate, addording a united standard, different operational acquances and labour productive quotes for different productive units. However, following transfer and new inventions and creations and the change of production fluxions. The different productive and the change of production fluxions. Labour control The sompune should formulate a water

permit the various units to change the standard operational sequences os well as some of the existing rules and regulations detrimental to the development of production."

6. Trading organisations:

(1) Supply and marketing department that be established to Mhandle the marketing of the products of the column e and supply of necessities. The besic function of this department is to act said producement and marketing agent for State-operated come and. The rate of profit to be carned by this department should be decided by the State-operated commercial organ concerned, according to the principle of mesting it at a level slightly above the operational expenses of the department.

The supply and marketing department is an independent unit as regards its accounts. The commune will be responsible for its profits and losses. Its capital is made by mo shore funds formerly submitted by the commune members for the supply and marketing co-operative plus some finds provided by the commune, when necessary a This department will see up a number of turiness centres at the various large operational units and at some relatively remote eress for the supply of minor onil necessities and sundries, and materials needed for production, for the convenience of the messes".

(ii) Credit department will handle:

- (a) savings accounts of members;
- (b) regulate floating funds of commune;
- (c) act as egent for thete Benk;
- (d) settle non-cash adepunts between commo and the separation
- (o) settle non-cash secounts between catterent units with the commune;
- (f) will NOT handle non-cesh transaction between tedit well sembers.
- (iii) Grain procurement: The commun, will exercise full suthority in the distribution and storing of its prein.
- (iv) Texation: "As the top-level authority in finencial effects within its heleng, the commune will gueron so the fulfilment of its tex-paying duties according to State regulations, and keep the remaining income itself".
- (v) Distribution: Various localities may adopt distribution systems according to the actual conditions in difference are three distribution systems in operation of accounts, ore engineed cash year.
- (b) "Produtermined warms ero neld to the community who contribution will below:
- (c) "Commune members are pold besto wages plus ac

was a state of the state of the

(vi) Predetermined wages: The system of polying pre-determined wages, according to the contribution of labour requires: (a) predetermination of pay for each man day of labour; (b) issue of pay socarding to the number of man days of labour contributed. The drawback is that it may induce a productive operational unit to fix the number of man-days of labour required for the fulfilment of a task as lowes possible in order to get more pay for each man-day of labour. To oversome this the commune must easing teaks to its productive operation units on an annual basis, predotermine the pay for each man-day of labour on the basis of the amount of production, and impose atermisective of the fulfilment of a labour duots on the part of the members of said operational unit. In addition, the commune must maintain a reasonable ratio between the pay production in order to agriculture, industrial and subsidiary production in order to avoid discord between members engaged in different types of labour, thereby saversely affecting the practice of paying seconding to the contribution of labour.

(vii) Pasic Wakes plus Bonus: This system of paying according to the contribution of labour in relations to wages means that in the distribution of grain the commune must a ep all grain held back in accordance with State regulations, for the consumption of its members under its control. On the basis of this grain reserve it will issue coupons to members succording to individual consumption standards. Members will then pay for grain consumed in mass had a with control instead of money. This system therefore calls for all sair instead of several grades; and secondly, determination of wais for sech grade.

Approximately 60% of total wage for a test should be distributed to members on a monthly basis in the form of a basic wage and the remaining

Bonus distribution: In agriculture the commune is to sontrol 50, of the bonus fund, large operational units 30% and small operation units 20; in industry and other forms of production the commune will control 60, and factories and mines 40%. The purpose of the fund is to keep the fund is to keep the fund in the commune will control to the fund is to keep the fund in the fund in the fund is to keep the fund in the fund in the fund is to keep the fund in t the pay of members of different operational units semantal in belonce. In addition collective and individual bourses will be issued to the various operation units, factories and mines at the and of each year plans. Distribution of bonuses will be according to the extent by which they have ulfilled their production control the amount received. The number of members granted bonuses should account for from 40, to 60, of the untal number of members.

(a) obedient to leadership and work or husin sticeling production quotes scoording to specified period (norms) (c) love and protect public property and atruggle against ever porsonalities and avil practices at all times; (d) think progressively, study hard for technical dy nor a leading role in the technical imposition movement (e) work at least 28 days a month.

Those fulfilling these conditions will receive

Those not enthusiastic in production, less we tablined to criticised or issued basic wages at a liscount or the hast proved of wage grades.

Special bonus and respect of project for which circumstances? Street lary enlistent; to be membered assistably rewarded: Cambre surfaces saccuse of the proposition of the manufacture of the proposition of the manufacture of the proposition o

Reserve funds are to be seculable of out of second members during a bumper sesson in order to provide a mesas of mesting requirements in lean years.

Communes odopting the besic vige plus bonus system must have the following quelifications:

P. As ON Francisco (a) members are strong orlierers in callectivism the of high socialist consciousness and are in the habit of contribution socialist (b) have increased production substantially, increased production substantially, increased production substantial reserve funds;
(c) enjoy a higher standard of income and have suppersed well-to-do middle peasents incliving standards on the average.

The Perty and the Commune

The Party and the Commune

"The key to the consolidation and development of people's communer
lies in the strengthening of Party landership and in the work of
developing the people's communes into consting for resess of the Party'
Tasks to be implemented to this end include:

- (1) Establishment of Strong Party Organs. Esch people of mune should establish a Party Compittee which should include at the principal responsible cadres of the commune. The Committee should beyon a secretary, deputy sharetary, an organisational computant. Propagands department, a supervisory committee and a staff of computant propagands organs within the chamme will have their own branch Party committee of sizes appropriate to level of the organ. Or and of the CYCL and CYF should also be established correspondingly.
- (2) Porty losdership and activity to le strongthesed: The CCP committee and its branches should include responsible seministrative codres. All major tasks should first be studied and decided upon by the CCP committee projects. the CCP committee of its brapenes before being corridout...

 Criticism and self-editicism should be conducted requirely within the Perty to surmount all evil tendencies, to pursue the struggle between the two roads, to popularise the productories stand, to condemn the bourgoois stand, to establish a firm and strong Communist ideology, and compale and arch and arch and the bourgoois at the compact to be compact to be compact. to enable each and every COP member to become a wanguard on the production and cultural fronts."
- (3) Perty-building work to be intensified: "To meet the mode of the tromondous forward leaps to be achieved in production and construction, CCP committees a various levels should fruity intensity Perty-building work. In this commection, they should formulate berty-building plons, train a number of Party-building colors, and enter a number of new Party members with productions, puring his year Party organs should be established in all productive or at these units and in all sizeable frateries and mines".
- (4) Codro Treining at towns of Pule ivel 14 with the sould have core at course of the secretary at the secretary of the secre

"An offert should be made to clore te present "Mad and expert" schools properly to salt wate experiments! forms the sale to stengthen theoretises she cultural studies of to be the politics; stendards of the constant codres. Large manhans of some sed and expert" satisficate should be trained to pounding a shell communist stand, to raise their experts of temporal constants. To keep in



close touch with the masses, to sucy and in their own line of work, and to develop the Communist courses a trink, speak and set boldly.

(5) Political. Ideological and Educational Works Party organs should place the trend of thought of the common members under their control of all times. These porty organs should pursue the struggle between the edvenced and the beckward, should apport and accisim the more advanced units and individuals. They should adveste "commune mambers with the proper relationship between the State and the commune as well as between the commune and its members in an effort to surmount the romnent bourgeois ideology smang commune members.

experiences of Pioneer Communes:

The chief communes which have received publicity are those of Weihsing, Red Flag, and Chaoying. But before reviewing the details given about these individual communes at is worth recording the progress made in general in two of the three provinces in which the commune experiment is being persist on. experiment" is being perried on.

Honen Poople's Daily on 18/8/53 carried a front page report on the movement to establish people's common with particular reference to of the commune movement in this district should be regarded as a landmork showing that China's agricultural acoperative system is beginning to take a big step forward - a social arensformation, leading from socialism to com unism.

It stated that in April this year, the marging of small cooperatives into big ones hogan in Sulping and Pingu Counties in the Hainyang Special District; a apparative comprising 6,000 to 7,000 households was set up in each county. By the end of July the marging of all 3,376 cooperatives was completed in the moin and 208 people's communes had been formed, each with an avera o of about 8,000 households.

The transformation followed the big losp forward in all fields made by the people in the District in the peat year. In the midst of the upsurge for the construction of irrigation projects and production, lorge-scale mutual assistance and apparation was cerrica out between the various rural districts and agricultural cooperatives. In the struggle for bumper hervests, the masses of the people reslised the great strength of the collective in chenging nature, developing production and improving the people a livelihood. At the same time they also realised that small deoperatives could now meet the requirements of the big leep forward in various fields but had become an chatacle to the development of the productive forces. Therefore, to himse the existing relations of production become an urgent demand of the messes of the people. The was in these circumstances that the people. communos word established.

Examples of thetypo of project which had proved the superiority of the commune over the apparative included: the former to 3 Halen rong cooperative now pert of the Wolhsin commune, had originally only 270 households and had 20 heatron of hilly land which for lack of manpower could not be planted with troop) ofter the establishment of the commune, 3,000 people were organised and offerestation work commune of the former cooperatives six years in laws. Proviously it had taken from an apparatives six years in commune afforcatation work on every 1,600 host ros, after the commune was formed 3,666 hosteres were covered with trees in a wask.

Also in the heinvang Special District 300,000 pools have been organised into small iros and steel injustrial units. They work in shifts round the clock to become the production of 800,000 and 200,000 tons of steel this year.

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Similarly an egricultural imploments reform movement is now sweeping the area with the mein or han a on equipping form tools with boll bearings. Helf o million people here been organised to complete the work in 2 weeks by turning out 150.00) cous of ball bearings a day.

While these new scrivities one in progress the other members of the communes continue to concentre on fig. 1 operations to ensure bumper

These communes have used their own funcs to sit up supply and merketing departments and storas, prisory and middle schools, secondary and technical schools and even colleges, hay have their own local militia and their own creat forces.

The commune is no longer of the theree or of an agricultural cooperative but a basic social unis compresed of workers, pessents, treders, students and militis. Corraspending changes and improviments have had to be made in the management and a stom of distribution because all means of production and the entire habour force proced under unified distribution and use in accordance with the principle of unified management. Fall spheres of production and other societies, such as industry, agriculture, forcetry, animal husbandry, side occupations, marketing and supply, credit, culture, public health and communications marketing and supply, credit, culture, public health and communic come under the unified management of the commune which works out production plans and cerries out the distribution of incomes. (NCNA 18/6).

On 21/8 NCNA soid of the con unce in the Hainrong Special District that:

"following the establishment of records communes, the people have become disciplined by the large-socie collective lebour system. Tromendous chenges hove waken ilege in their morel views, state of consciousness and living helits. As a result, public mess halls, nursories and sowing teens have mushroomed exerywhere. prosent, more than 37,000 people's public mass halls have been established in the whole special district. In I contres public moss halls have become elmost the only place for paople to have mools. Those now developments have not only changed the ideological consciousness of the people and the relationship between man and man, but also the promoted the progress of industrial and agricultural precuedica se well se the development of the technical and cultural rays ution in the cres. However, the people's com une is still (no ting. At requires a sories of changes in the control o production and in the system of distribucion.

Also referring to developments in the asinyong Special District NCNA on 21/8/58 reported that a few crys siter the establishment of the Yingheiun, people's commune in Chuchelen County, members completed deep ploughing on over 1,000 mow of dry land and weeding in all its meize, cotton and millet fields.

In the Shengyu people's commune of ingry County four conths ofter its establishment comming members set up from scratch 167 factories. The total production value of these factories snowns to 315,000 years. In addition, commune members completelly cradged in 1 days and nights 2 canals 15 li long and 10 metres with. They also spend an agricultural university.

HOPEI

In Ropei all cooperatives in Haushai County wird converted into people's Communes in the first helf. August. On the inspected this county and greatly inspired the entire and in beople to march towards communism, according to Paking redictor 18 for accounts to march

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the villegers stoged a special fest and said Chairman kee came of
    pewing contres, child opro contres, ac old aso wolfers institutes, which had developed repidly everywhere it accent months have become components of the communes. Since he seem replaced
 complotely by collective social walf of her sures, 69,000 women in the
county have been liberated from house the and become a reinforcement on the agricultural and industrial and in fronts. On organisation or production, division of labour the near practiced along the traceline (sic). Production management has been executed like military and bettle operations. The best of the constant o
    lebour productivity has been raised
                                                                                                                                                     in this during providing fulfil ac.
    ro expand the present amall-scale of hit has into largodosia paople's
   communes, in which industrial works as annta, merchanta; scholers and soldiers are integrated, haushui of my on 15/8 merged its 20 haing and towns into 3 larger haing a towns, thus errecting a
    full integration of political and asmedia life, siflying leap forward
    in production, on march in great at the line of a coislight construction
    towerds communism. (Poking 18/8).
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Wolhsing Poople's Country:

The Weishing people's commune in Stating County, Homen was formed lest April with the targing of 27 state in ural cooperatives, consisting of over 9,300 households at 1 13,000 members, divided in a production brigades.

The merger took place because of the increasing depends of industrial construction the mend for industrial construction the mend for industrial construction the mend for industrial construction of the const

achievements since the formetial (biccommans include more extensive fertilising of the fields resulting in the good for the fields resulting in this year stwhest yields; and return to pensive stands of interpretable with further improvement of soil story water condition; to chieve a target of 3,000 cettice persons for all cutum or miles A plan for drawn up to establish 360 small factories during to the land life and this plan has been overfulfilled by the meeting at 1 1,100 rectaries think are now in production. Production brigges with real littles for irrigation have increased from 2 to 15 and 100 are in sed livestone deve been set up. In codition 23 supply of lasketing sepertments and several sales egenetus are now in a data in o to serve members. Print schools have been inecessed from 13 . 13. and an encountmental been set up. recother feeilities pro set ly the common include 21 libraries, and recreation clubs, it has not all rigidal and and a single and the trick broupes. R. will a 2, how allow will have been organized to provide the property of the control of been organised to protect industry and an inditure

This means the retors of the cape as the head of the cape as the head of probability and the first a

13. All purchasit. The sum of the supply agricult and the supply agricult and the sum of the continuous system in a specific the difficult and in the sum of the sum

Commit:

The development of the system in particle communes negates the statence of the individual and of communation, the facility unit and submerges when the thelahom cooking, saying and it would be remained to the facility of the commune are included the state of the commune are included the state of the facility of the commune are included the state of the public control in the facility of t

ere ted speciesfully (Pici)

1. See that their shall be not be precised as a prime the original species to some trouble in both. It carrectness of this holicy.

2. Cl'A carried reported by the life their progress will be a constant be a print of contract basis for the contract basis for the contract basis for the contract basis for the interpretation of contract basis for the interpretation of the contract basis for the number of the contract basis and the contract by developed Parxism-Leninism by his theories on the correct basis of contradictions among the contract beyond the contract by the contract by the contract beyond the contract by the contract between the contract by the contrac Conrede too Iso-ting his entirely developed Marxism-Leninian by his theories on the correspondence of contradictions such the people and on the western working methods having to deapt themselves to changin the metances and by the Feet according to metances and by the Feet according to the feet and this has emancipated and labeling of our people, releasing inexhaustible strength.

In this has emancipated and labeling of our people, releasing inexhaustible strength.

In this has emancipated and labeling of our people, releasing inexhaustible strength.

In this has emandipated and labeling of our people, releasing inexhaustible of the combination of the universal rather than the grant people of the concrete practice in China's seed alignment up and proving fully, and will continue to prove the feet and proving fully, and the continue to prove the feet and proving fully, and the continue to prove the feet and proving fully, and the continue to prove the feet and the fee

By 22/8/56 NGNA was abla to a concurrence among the herrist work recordly published by the Chines and a plays university was: "On Communist Communes"; a collection of requests from ear, Engels, Land abolin on the organisation and the communist communist communist.

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- "Under each district Soviet, and appointed by it, were committees for education, cooperativas, military training, political training, lend, public health, partisen training, revolutionary defence, anlargement of the Red Army, agrarien mutual sid, Red-Army land tilling, and others. Such Committees were found in every beauch organ of the Seviets, right up to the Central Government where policies were co-ordinated and State decisions made". [Lagar Spow Red state over Chine p 22h).

 (c) In sacordance with the usual CCP practice he has a varied has been in operation for an experimental period prior to reserving afficiel publicity as a new policy, to be applied throughout the ength and broadth of Chine.

 (d) The cateblishment of this system is obviously made of the de-centralisation policy, first discussed by the Prty in 1956, which simed at making local Governments accept mor responsibility and no less of Central control is involved.

 (e) The advantages to the State of this how system in such a way that controling or disparity of living standards and similar controliorable unrest and dissatisfation, periodicing and considerable unrest and dissatisfation, periodicing and disparities and soldiers into one organisation, equipped with machinery to iron out such contradictions and soldiers into one organisation, coursely or the control of the expressionsof dissatisfation.

 (i) it will easy the administrative problems asystelly those concerned with transport and communications as ason commune will
 - (11) it will same the administrative problems, aspecially those concerned with transport and communications, as such commune will
 - (ii) it will ease the administrative problems, as each commune will become lorgely self-sufficient.

 (iii) it will ease the accommic burden of the State. It has been made quite class in recent menths that it is new the responsibility of the messes to provide their own schools and hospitals, to establish their own enterprises to help the State construction programme, as the State cannot afford to barry out any additional educational, welfare and cultural services then the ellocations of 4, 184 million year in the 1950 Budget (as opposed to 4,759 million year in the 1957 Budget); most of the Budget allocations are for Hosey Industry and other industrial developments. It also appears that domands for State loans or subsidies will be met only in exceptional striumstances where majority and of the property of rew enterinls, or other mobiles are needed for large-edged projects of which the Government absorbers. As a result there will be a material property in product wity and development of squastional, walter singular approves. As a result there will be a material property of the development of squastional, walters and substitutional without an equal drain on the Courtai Graverment a funds.

 (iv) The establishment of the contral courtai graverment a funds.

 (iv) The establishment of the contral courtain and a labour force of court of common show closely not only the mobility of the labour force in this second in the late of the satablishment of a labour force in this Province alone of court in the common that its versatility that the Province of solders additional to a labour force in this Province alone of court in the graverment in solving the showers, passents, or solders additional to a labour force in this Province force in the graverment in solving the showers, passents, or solders additional to a labour force in the province of a labour force in the province in the international plane.

while the said of the

- Apart from the loss of individuality and of normal family life in the occepted sense, the average manber of a commune has to face certain other deprivations of rights:
 - (1) he loses his right to ownership of a vegetable plot, or a
 - (1) he loses his right to ownership of a vegetable plot, or a portion of an oreherd, a small fish pend or other similar land rights;

 (1f) he will only receive 80 of the total was earled for any particular work done, as the remaining 20 will be kept back by the commune, or by its subsidiary organs as relevant, to form a bonus fund. With number of numbers within a commune to be granted benuses is restricted to from 40 to 60% of the total number of members. From the 80% wage there will be deductions for tax, welfare levies and other funds started by the commune. Also there is no guarantee that the remaining remuneration will Also there is no guarantee that the romaining remuneration will toke the form of cash. It is apacifically stated that the communos must koop a grain reserve on the basis of which it will issue grain coupons to its members; these soupons must be used as payment for grain consumed in the public mass bells. Mest and vegetables, etc., must be paid for in bash, however.
 - (111) Eligibility for receipt of bonuses is conditional on fulfilment of rive basic conditions and other general stipulations. Should any member of a production teom fail in his daties the rest of the team will suffer because they have not shown is proper sense of mutual responsibility.
 - (iv) Failure to meet the standards require by the domaine is punishable by educational criticism, decreased waste, or demotion in wege grade.
- The system of communes represents a further extension of the State control machinery. It consolidates still further the grip of the State and Perty over the individual; it reduces his importance to the level of one among 300,000. What chances have the views of one man against those of the adults of 8,000 households in the average commune?

"Bourgeois individualism is the source of sligovils and the big enemy of Communism. Without doing sway with individualism, we cannot build up communism. In this statement, made by Liu Ning-yi, to the 8th Executive Committee of the All China Federation of Trade Unions, lies the crux of the present drive towards communal life.

3.9.58.